ErgoSystems Home Office Ergonomics Quick Reference Guide

Office Adjustment Sequence

- 1. Chair: Adjust chair (see below); remember to adjust chair throughout day based on activity
- 2. Desk: Based on your particular keyboard technique (refer to Keyboard/Mouse/ Computer Section); adjust desk height based on seated/standing set-up; alternate between two positions frequently (use 30/30 Guideline; change position every 30 minutes or so)
- Equipment: Adjust equipment position (keyboard, mouse computer, document holder, office supplies, etc.) as needed
- **4. Monitors**: Adjust monitors as needed (includes monitor height, distance, side-to-side alignment and angle/tilt)

2. Desk

Desk Height Seated: Once chair has been properly adjusted and keyboard/mouse technique has been determined (piano player or forearm support, refer to *Keyboard Section*) adjust desk height so:

- Elbows are at sides at about 90° to 100° angle
- Shoulders relaxed
- Wrists straight

Desk Height Standing: Alternate seated position with standing on a regular basis; follow similar positioning guidelines as for seated:

- Use footrest for alternate foot placement
- Wear comfortable well-cushioned shoes
- Perform periodic heel lifts and shift weight front/back on feet to improve circulation

3. Equipment (Keyboard/Mouse/Computer) Keyboard Placement: Determine keyboard

Keyboard Placement: Determine keyboard technique (with or without wrist rest)

- Piano Player: Position keyboard close to edge of worksurface, relax elbows at sides, angled to about 90° and float hands over keys (like playing a piano)
- Forearm Supporter: Position keyboard farther forward on worksurface and rest forearms on worksurface; raise worksurface slightly

Note: Refer to **Desk Section** to adjust desk height **Mouse Placement:** Ensure mouse is next to keyboard within a comfortable reach

Computer Placement: Out of way but still readily accessible to dock and undock laptop

1. Chair

Seat Height: Adjust height so feet on the floor with even weight through hips and thighs

Seat Depth: Adjust front/back seat position so minimum of two fingers between front edge of chair and back of knee

Back Support Height: Adjust so lumbar support is located at the waist/belt level area

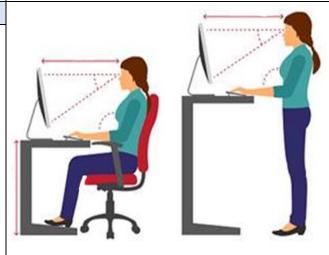
Seat/Back Angle; Adjust for Activity

- For keyboard/mouse/handwriting; adjust so seat is about parallel to floor with trunk upright
- For other activities (talking with guests, telephone use, other non-hand activities, etc.); adjust so seat is tilted somewhat back (5° to 15°)

Seat Rocking Tension: Adjust based on body weight to ensure amount of tension that prevents you from falling backwards or being pushed forward.

Armrests: Adjust height and side-to-side position so upper arms at sides, shoulders relaxed and forearms on armrests if desired.

NOTE: Not all chairs may have the listed features; find out about a specific chair's features by looking for adjustment levers on the chair and experiment, also look for manual that came with chair or check out manufacturer's web site



4. Monitors

Height: Top of screen at eye level or slightly higher **Distance:** At least arm's length away, 22 to 28" **Monitor Arm:** If arm in place adjust position of monitors; some monitor arms are adjusted with use of Allen wrenches

Dual Monitors:

- Primary/Primary: each viewed about 50% of time; centered on user's nose
- Primary/Secondary: primary viewed most of time, secondary only occasionally; primary directly in front of user

Eyeglasses: For bi/trifocal eye glasses (bottom part of lens to view monitor), lower monitor to maintain neutral head position

Other Considerations

Foot/leg Clearance: Ensure adequate foot/leg clearance under the desk; remove extraneous boxes or other items

Footrest: Never allow feet to dangle; use a footrest for support if needed

Telephone: Avoid cradling phone handset between ear and shoulder; use headset/speakerphone if needed

Document Holder: Avoid head tip down position to view hard copy documents; use a document holder

Other Considerations

Lighting: Ensure adequate room light and task light in the workstation

Noise: Manage noise as possible in the work area
Temperature: Use personal controls like a sweater
or approved fan for individual temperature controls

Alternativa Duty Werkstation: Implement the

Alternative Duty Workstation: Implement the same guidelines recommended for the office workstation in Alternative Duty Workstations as possible